BAPU COMPOSITE PU COLLEGE Triveni road, Yeshwanthpur, Bangalore – 22 II PUC MODEL PAPER – | POLITICAL SCIENCE (29)

Time: 3 Hrs 15mins

Max Marks: 80

Part A

I. Aı	nswer the following questions by cho	osing the correct answer.	1X5=5
1. 2.	 When the constitution of India is formed? a) 1946 November 26 c) 1952 January 25 Party system in India. 	b) 1950 January 26 d) 1946 December 9	
3.	 a) single party system c) multi-party system Where is the "Sardar Vallabai Patel acaden a) Massourie c) Bangalore Which country is called "ethnic land"? 	 b) Bi party system d) None of the above ny"? b) Hyderabad d) New Delhi 	
5.	 a) India c) England Who is the inspiration to start a "democration" a) Jigme singhye wangehuck c) S K. New penm 	 b) America d) South Africa c movement in Bhutan"? b)Puspa Kamal Dahal d) Hamid Karzai 	

II. Answer the following questions by filling the blanks.

- 6. When did the "Anti defection law" come to existence
- 7. Who started the newspaper Mooka Nayaka _____
- 8. What is the root word of terrorism _____
- 9. Pattern of government in Bhutan _____
- 10. Who is the "SAARC" sculpture _____

(Democratised democracy, Dr BR Ambedkar, 1985, Terrere, Zia ur Rahman, Jawaharlal Nehru)

III. Match the following:

 Comprehensive nuclear test band treaty Kathmandu December 10 1948 Electronic voting machine Karpatoka lakawalata
 Karnataka lokayuktha October 12 1993

IV. Answer the following questions in one sentence each.

1X5=5

- 16. What did the simen commission recommendary?
- 17. What is the district administration?
- 18. Who are Dalits?
- 19. What is 'globalisation'?
- 20. What is Liberalisation?

1X5 = 5

1X5 = 5

PART-B

V. Answer any 5 of the following questions in 2 to 3 sentence each.	2X5 10
21. What is the meaning of 'Direct election'? Give me one example?	2X5=10
22. What is "Political neutrality"?	
23. What is "Maryada Hatye"?	
24. What is mean by neighbouring peace committees?	
25. What is common minimum program?	
26. What is brain drain?	
27. Name any two leaders of the Karnataka Raitha singh.	
28. Write any two organs of UN?	
29. Name two member states of SAARC	
30. Who have signed Panchsheel?	
31. Who were the signatories of "Shimla agreement"?	
Part -C	
VI. Answer any 6 of the following questions in 15 to 20 sentence each.	6X5=30
32. Describe the 'Government of India act 1935'.	
33. Write about "anti-defection law".	
34. Discuss the features of "civil services".	
35. What are the causes of 'feminist movement'.	
36. Explain the major hindrance of nation building.	
37. Explain the causes of caste-based inequality.	
20 mil	

- 38. What are the demerits of coalition?
- 39. Discuss the role of youth against corruption.
- 40. Bring out the importance of the international relations.
- 41. Write a note on the non-Alignment policy of India?

Party -D

VII. Answer any two of the following questions in 30 to 40 sentence each. 2X10=20

- 42. Explain the functions of the "political party".
- 43. Explain the causes and remedial measures to eradicate communalism.
- 44. Describe the importance of privatization and its political implications.
- 45. Discuss the basic concept of international relations.

BAPU COMPOSITE PU COLLEGE Triveni road, Yeshwanthpur, Bangalore – 22 II PUC – POLITICAL SCIENCE Model Question Paper – W

Time: 3:15 hours Max Marks: 80 Part - A I. Answer the following questions by choosing the correct answer. 1X5=51. Responsible for the integration of States a. Mahatma Gandhi b. Sardar Vallabhabai Patel c. Dr B. R. Ambedkar d. Arvind Ghosh 2. Election commission of India consist a. Single member b. Two member c. Three member d. Many members 3. Leader struggle to abolished the sati system a. Bal Gangadhar Tilak b. Jyoti bhaphule c. Raj Ram Mohan Roy d. D.K. Karve 4. The year West Phali agreement signed a. 1648 b. 1714 c. 1748 d 1885 5. Permanent members of security council a. 2 b. 4 c. 5 d. 6 II. Answer the following questions by filling the blanks. 1X5=56. Present chief election commissioner of India -----7. Widow remarriage act implanted in the year-----8. Root word of corruption is------9. Present general secretary of UNO------10.India conducted the first nuclear test in the year-----(Rampiar, 1974, Antonio guterres, Rajeey Kumar, terrare, 1856) III. Match the following. 1X5=511.EPIC UAPA 12.B.P. Mandal commission. Electors photo identity card 13.Anti-Terrorism act. International court 14.The Hague. December 1985 15.1st SAARC summit. Electronic voting machine

Reservation for backward class

IV. Answer the following questions in word or sentence each.	1X5=5
16. What is the Operation Polo?	143-5
17. Who is the head of the District Administration?	
18. Which day is celebrated as World Environment Day?	
19. What is illiteracy?	
20. What is Liberalization?	
Part - B	
V. Answer any 5 of the following questions in 2 to 3 sentence each.	2X5=10
21. How many states was Bombay divided into? Which are they?	
22. What is By Election?	
23.Define the Civil Service Class.	
24. What is Nation building?	
25. What is Coalition government? give an example	
26. What is Crony capitalism?	
27. What is Identity politics?	
28. What is Multi polarity? give an example.	
Part-C VI. Answer any 6 of the following questions in 15 to 20 sentence each.	6X5=30
29. Explain the provision of Indian independence act 1947.	
30.Explain the advantages of EVM. 31.Explain the powers and functions of the district collector.	
32.Explain the political implication for human rights movement.	
33.Examine the causes for the rise of terrorism in India.	
34. How illiteracy is a thread to Indian democracy?	
35.Mention the features of coalition government.	
36. Write a note on India's role in the UNO.	
37.Explain the five basic principles of Indian foreign policy.	
38.Explain the Indo-Pak relations.	

Part -D

VII. Answer any two of the following questions in 30 to 40 sentence each. 2X10=20

39.Describe the Electoral reforms in India.

40.Explain the causes and remedies of Corruption.

41.Describe the importance of Globalisation and its political implications.

42.Explain the structure of the United Nations and its functions.